REGULATIONS

Pub. L. 106-398, §1 [[div. A], title V, §524(c)], Oct. 30, 2000, 114 Stat. 1654, 1654A-108, provided that: "Regulations to implement the amendments made by this section [amending this section] shall be prescribed not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act [Oct. 30, 2000]."

§ 1044a. Authority to act as notary

- (a) The persons named in subsection (b) have the general powers of a notary public and of a consul of the United States in the performance of all notarial acts to be executed by any of the following:
 - (1) Members of any of the armed forces.
 - (2) Other persons eligible for legal assistance under the provisions of section 1044 of this title or regulations of the Department of Defense.
 - (3) Persons serving with, employed by, or accompanying the armed forces outside the United States and outside the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, Guam, and the Virgin Islands.
- (4) Other persons subject to the Uniform Code of Military Justice (chapter 47 of this title) outside the United States.
- (b) Persons with the powers described in subsection (a) are the following:
- (1) All judge advocates, including reserve judge advocates when not in a duty status.
- (2) All civilian attorneys serving as legal assistance attorneys.
- (3) All adjutants, assistant adjutants, and personnel adjutants, including reserve members when not in a duty status.
- (4) All other members of the armed forces, including reserve members when not in a duty status, who are designated by regulations of the armed forces or by statute to have those powers.
- (5) For the performance of notarial acts at locations outside the United States, all employees of a military department or the Coast Guard who are designated by regulations of the Secretary concerned or by statute to have those powers for exercise outside the United States.
- (6) All civilian paralegals serving at military legal assistance offices, supervised by a military legal assistance counsel (as defined in section 1044d(g) of this title).
- (c) No fee may be paid to or received by any person for the performance of a notarial act authorized in this section.
- (d) The signature of any such person acting as notary, together with the title of that person's offices, is prima facie evidence that the signature is genuine, that the person holds the designated title, and that the person is authorized to perform a notarial act.

(Added Pub. L. 101–510, div. A, title V, §551(a)(1), Nov. 5, 1990, 104 Stat. 1566; amended Pub. L. 104–201, div. A, title V, §573, Sept. 23, 1996, 110 Stat. 2534; Pub. L. 107–107, div. A, title XI, §1103, Dec. 28, 2001, 115 Stat. 1236; Pub. L. 114–328, div. A, title V, §523(b), Dec. 23, 2016, 130 Stat. 2116.)

AMENDMENTS

2016—Subsec. (b)(6). Pub. L. 114–328 added par. (6). 2001—Subsec. (b)(2). Pub. L. 107–107, §1103(a), substituted "legal assistance attorneys" for "legal assistance officers".

Subsec. (b)(5). Pub. L. 107–107, §1103(b), added par. (5). 1996—Subsec. (b)(1). Pub. L. 104–201, §573(1), substituted ", including reserve judge advocates when not in a duty status" for "on active duty or performing inactive-duty training".

Subsec. (b)(3). Pub. L. 104–201, §573(2), substituted "adjutants, including reserve members when not in a duty status" for "adjutants on active duty or performing inactive-duty training".

Subsec. (b)(4). Pub. L. 104–201, \$573(3), substituted "members of the armed forces, including reserve members when not in a duty status," for "persons on active duty or performing inactive-duty training".

TRANSFER OF FUNCTIONS

For transfer of authorities, functions, personnel, and assets of the Coast Guard, including the authorities and functions of the Secretary of Transportation relating thereto, to the Department of Homeland Security, and for treatment of related references, see sections 468(b), 551(d), 552(d), and 557 of Title 6, Domestic Security, and the Department of Homeland Security Reorganization Plan of November 25, 2002, as modified, set out as a note under section 542 of Title 6.

§ 1044b. Military powers of attorney: requirement for recognition by States

- (a) INSTRUMENTS TO BE GIVEN LEGAL EFFECT WITHOUT REGARD TO STATE LAW.—A military power of attorney—
 - (1) is exempt from any requirement of form, substance, formality, or recording that is provided for powers of attorney under the laws of a State: and
 - (2) shall be given the same legal effect as a power of attorney prepared and executed in accordance with the laws of the State concerned.
- (b) MILITARY POWER OF ATTORNEY.—For purposes of this section, a military power of attorney is any general or special power of attorney that is notarized in accordance with section 1044a of this title or other applicable State or Federal law.
- (c) STATEMENT TO BE INCLUDED.—(1) Under regulations prescribed by the Secretary concerned, each military power of attorney shall contain a statement that sets forth the provisions of subsection (a).
- (2) Paragraph (1) shall not be construed to make inapplicable the provisions of subsection (a) to a military power of attorney that does not include a statement described in that paragraph.
- (d) STATE DEFINED.—In this section, the term "State" includes the District of Columbia, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, and a possession of the United States.

(Added Pub. L. 103–160, div. A, title V, §574(a), Nov. 30, 1993, 107 Stat. 1674.)

§ 1044c. Advance medical directives of members and dependents: requirement for recognition by States

- (a) INSTRUMENTS TO BE GIVEN LEGAL EFFECT WITHOUT REGARD TO STATE LAW.—An advance medical directive executed by a person eligible for legal assistance—
 - (1) is exempt from any requirement of form, substance, formality, or recording that is provided for advance medical directives under the laws of a State; and
 - (2) shall be given the same legal effect as an advance medical directive prepared and exe-